## MAIN FEATURES

1/2" SELECTOR SWITCH
) Dimensions $\varnothing 1 / 2^{\prime \prime}(12.7 \mathrm{~mm})$
) Switching mode: Shorting or non-shorting
> Selector switch positions up to 16
> Switching torque up to 6 Ncm
> Gold plated contacts
> Rugged design
> Sealing up to IP68
> Operating temperature range: -45 to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
> Not ITAR related
> Various options and customizations

ELV (2000/53/EC)
RoHS (2002/95/EC

## PRODUCT VARIAY

- Number of selector positions/indexing angles
- Shaft styles
- Shorting or non-shorting
- Bushing style
- Switching torque
- IP60 or IP68 front panel sealing


## POSSIBLE CUSTOMZATONS

- Shaft style and material
- Bushing style
- Adjustable End-Stop in any position
- Switching torque
- Number of poles
- Integrated customer electronic
- Special high pressure IP-Sealing


## ON REQUEST

- Different coding: BCD, Hex or Gray
- Pull to turn function
- Terminal style
- Integrated flexprint connection
- Horizontal mounting concept
- Low noise function


## MR50



## TYPICAL APPLCATONS

- Target aiming devices
- Night vision devices
- Weapon lights
- Two way radios
- Cockpit applications (aircraft, automotive, nautic, construction-machines, military vehicles)
- Portable outdoor devices (communication, medical, rescue, sports, transportation, measuring, photo/video)
- Test equipment


## 16 POSITIONS




10 POSITIONS


VERTICAL; THT/PCB MOUNT; 1 POLE; BUSHING 1/4"-28 UNF-2A x 6.35 mm

| IP SEALINC | POSITIONS / INDEXING ANGLES | SWITCHING MODE | TORQUE | SHAFT $\varnothing \times$ LENGTH $1 / 8^{\prime \prime} \times 11.5 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| IP60 | $16 / 22.5^{\circ}$ | Shorting | 3 Ncm | MR50-AllA-B112 |
|  |  |  | 6 Ncm | MR50-A11A-D112 |
|  | $12 / 30^{\circ}$ | Shorting | 3 Ncm | MR50-B11A-B112 |
|  |  |  | 6 Ncm | MR50-B11A-D112 |
|  | $10 / 36^{\circ}$ | Shorting | 3 Ncm | MR50-C11A-B112 |
|  |  |  | 6 Ncm | MR50-C11A-D112 |
| IP68 | $16 / 22.5^{\circ}$ | Shorting | 3 Ncm | MR50-A11B-B112 |
|  |  |  | 6 Ncm | MR50-A11B-D112 |
|  | $12 / 30^{\circ}$ | Shorting | 3 Ncm | MR50-B11B-B112 |
|  |  |  | 6 Ncm | MR50-B11B-D112 |
|  | $10 / 36^{\circ}$ | Shorting | 3 Ncm | MR50-C11B-B112 |
|  |  |  | 6 Ncm | MR50-C11B-D112 |

## SPECIFICATIONS

MECHANICAL DATA (at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \pm \mathbf{2}^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ )

| Positions/Indexing: | $16 / 22.5^{\circ} ; 12 / 30^{\circ} ; 10 / 36^{\circ}$ with End-Stop between position 1 and the last position |
| :--- | :--- |
| Poles: | 1 |
| Switching mode: | Shorting or non-shorting |
| Switching torque (new condition): | 3 or $6 \mathrm{Ncm}( \pm 30 \%)$ |
| Residual switching torque (end of life): | $60-70 \%$ typical |
| Rotational life: | $20 ' 000$ cycles min. |
| End-stop strength: | 85 Ncm min. |
| Fastening torque of nut (front panel mounting): | 170 Ncm max. |

ELECTRICAL DATA ( $\mathbf{a t} \mathbf{2 5} 5^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \pm \mathbf{2}^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ )

| Contact resistance (new condition): | $1 \Omega \mathrm{max}$. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Electrical ratings: | $200 \mathrm{~mA} @ 28 \mathrm{VDC}$ resistive load max. |
|  | $100 \mathrm{~mA} @ 28 \mathrm{VDC}$ inductive load max. |
| Dielectric withstanding voltage: | $100 \mathrm{~mA} @ 28 \mathrm{VDC}$ lamp load max. |
| Insulation resistance (new condition): | 500 VDC during 60 seconds (pin to pin, pin to housing) |
| Switching mode: | $1 \mathrm{G} \Omega \mathrm{min} . @ 500 \mathrm{VDC}$ |

MATERIAL DATA

| Shaft: | Nickel silver |
| :--- | :--- |
| Snap-Ring: | Stainless steel |
| Housing: | Zinc diecast with glossy nickel plating |
| Contact wafer: | Fiber enforced plastic (UL94-VO) |
| Nut: | Brass, nickel plated |
| Contact system: | CuBe alloy, AuCo plated (hard gold) |
| Soldering leads: | Copper alloy, nickel-tin plated |
| Inner sealings: | NBR (nitrile), 70 shore, reflowable |
| Front panel sealing: | EPDM (cell rubber) |

ENVIRONMENTAL DATA

| Operating temperature range: | -45 to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}($ IEC $60068-2-14)$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Storage temperature range: | -65 to $+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}($ IEC $60068-2-14)$ |
| IP sealing: | IP60, IP68 (1 bar, 1 h$)$ |
| Flammability: | $\mathrm{UL94-VO}$ (sealings are UL94-HB) |
| PACKAGING QUANTITY |  |
| Tray: | 50 pcs. |
|  | Antistatic tray available on request |
| SOLDERING CONDITIONS |  |
| Hand soldering: | $300^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ max. during 3 s max. |
| Wave soldering: | $280^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ max. during 5 s max. |

DRAWINGS
SWITCH DESIGN

| AL $\frac{\frac{11.5 \mathrm{~mm} \pm 0.3 \mathrm{~mm}}{16 \mathrm{~mm} \pm 0.3 \mathrm{~mm}}}{21 \mathrm{~mm} \pm 0.3 \mathrm{~mm}}$ |
| :---: |
| $D ; S \frac{1 / 4 \mathrm{Hm}-28 \mathrm{UNF}-2 \mathrm{~A} ; 5.16 \mathrm{~mm}}{M 7 \times 0.75 ; 6.2 \mathrm{~mm}}$ |



## REAR VIEW


$\varnothing$ 9.6Terminal circle of centers

12 POSITIONS / 1 POLE


10 POSITIONS / 1 POLE


DRILIING DIAGRAMS

16 POSITIONS / 1 POLE


View from switch mounting side of the PCB

12 POSITIONS / 1 POLE


View from switch mounting side of the PCB

10 POSITIONS / 1 POLE


View from switch mounting side of the PCB

## DRAWINGS

FRONT PANEL CUT OUT

FOR BUSHING $1 / 4$ " - 28 UNF - 2A


FOR BUSHING M7 X 0.75


HEX-NUT (SUPPLED)


Spare Part:
Order number (50 pcs. bag)

- Brass, nickel plated: 5622-30


Spare Part
Order number ( $50 \mathrm{pcs} . \mathrm{bag}$ )

- Brass nickel plated: 4516-40

TYPE KEY


## BUSHING (ळ, LANGTH); BUSHING-DRILL-Ø; TP SEALING

(Hex nut supplied)
A $1 / 4{ }^{\prime \prime}-28 \mathrm{UNF}-2 \mathrm{~A} \times 6.35 \mathrm{~mm}$; Shaft-Ø 1/8"; IP60
B $\quad 1 / \mathrm{s}^{\prime \prime}-28 \mathrm{UNF}-2 \mathrm{~A} \times 6.35 \mathrm{~mm}$; Shaft- $\varnothing$ 1/8"; IP68
E $\quad \mathrm{M} 7 \times 0.75 \times 6.35 \mathrm{~mm}$
Shaft- $\varnothing$ 1/8"; IP60
F $\quad \mathrm{M} 7 \times 0.75 \times 6.35 \mathrm{~mm}$;
Shaft-Ø 1/8"; IP68
(bushing dimension and shape see drawing)
X Ask for customized solution

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1/4" = 6.35 mm
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$1 / \mathrm{s}^{\prime \prime}=3.18 \mathrm{~mm}$

## PACKAGING

- Standard tray 50 pcs.

1 Antistatic tray 50 pcs.

GENERAL SWITCH KNOWLEDGE

## POSITION

A position is the mechanical detent of a switch actuator.

DETENT
A detent is a mechanical positioning device for stopping actuator travel at each successive electrical circuit; for example, a spring-operated ball and groove.

## POLE

A pole is a single common electrical input having one or more outputs.

## WAFER, DECK OR LAYER

A wafer/deck or layer is a section what the contacts are mounted on.

## INDEXING ANGLE

An indexing angle is the number of degrees between each position.
For example: 12 positions for a total of 360 degrees result a 30 degrees indexing angle.

## NON-SHORTING CONTACTS "BREAK BEFORE MAKE"

A non-shorting contact is also known as "break before make" and describes the action of one circuit of a pole before interrupting another of the same pole. The switch will be momentarily interrupted before it changes from position 1 to position 2 during actuation (see picture).


SHORTING CONTACTS "MAKE BEFORE BREAK"
A shorting contact is also known as "make before break" and describes the action of one circuit of a pole before interrupting another of the same pole.
The switch will momentarily "short" position 1 and 2 during actuation (see picture).


## CYCLE

A cycle is the complete sequence of indexing through all successive switch positions and returning to the original position.
The rotational life from coded or selector switches are usually specified with cycles

## REVOLUTION

[^0]
## BENEFITS OF GOLD-PLATED CONTACTS

Gold-plated contacts should be used for longer rotational life, in corrosive environment or in case the switch will not be actuated for a long period of time.

## ELMA SPECIFIC SPECIFICATIONS

## MULTI ROTARY SWITCH

Switches with different switch-functions in the same switch-body.
Possible switch functions: Selector switch, coded switch, encoder or potentiometer

## MECHANICAL CODED SWITCHES (BCD, HEX, GRAY)

A mechanical coded switch usually works with a 4 Bit ( 4 signals/contacts $1,2,4,8$ ) system. A common contact ( $C$ ) shortens the circuit.
With this contact-system it is possible to achieve 10 to 16 switch positions (depending on which coding is used, see picture below) with only 5 connection-pins. It is a cost effective way to realize a rotary switch.
Disadvantage to use such a system is the need of a microcontroller with a corresponding software and that only low current and voltage can be shorted.

## DIFFERENT CODINGS




## MECHANICAL ENCODER SWITCHES

A mechanical encoded switch usually works with an incremental 2 Bit ( 2 signals/contacts $A, B$ ) system. A common contact ( $C$ ) shorts the circuit.
With this contact-system it is possible to achieve 8 to 16 PPR (Pulses Per Revolution) (alternating ON-OFF) with only 3 connection-pins and the corresponding incremental-disc (see picture)

8 PPR incremental disc


Encoders give us a simple digital way to realize a very cost effective rotary switch.
It provides a digital indication of position with a binary output.
Disadvantage to use such a system is the need of a microcontroller with a corresponding software and that only low current and voltage can be shorted. The following pictures show typical diagrammatic plans.


* Timing diagram shows 32/16 (16/8) detents / PPR resolution



## ELMA SPECIFIC SPECIFICATIONS

## SELECTOR SWITCHES

A mechanical selector switch usually works with to the amount of switch positions correspondent contacts. A common contact (Pole) shortens the circuit. With this contact system it is possible to achieve 4 to 24 switch positions. Advantages to use a selector switch is, that it could be connected directly to an application (it don't need a microcontroller with a corresponding software) and that higher current/voltage can be shorted. Disadvantage of such a system is, that it is not cost effective in reference to a coded or encoded switch.

## CONCENTRIC FUNCTION

A concentric rotary switch provides two shafts (inner and outer shaft) and analogical to that two switching-functions in one and the same switch.

## SWISS CLICK INDEXING SYSTEM ${ }^{\text {™ }}$

The "Swiss click indexing system" is an Elma label indicating switches which have a special indexing system to ensure nearly consistent torque over life (see picture below). The appropriate switches are market in our catalogue with that description.
The Swiss Click Indexing System ${ }^{\text {TM }}=$ ensures consisten torque over life



[^0]:    A revolution is the complete sequence of indexing through all successive switch positions in the same direction.
    The rotational life from encoded switches are usually specified with revolutions.

